

Product Specification

Part Name : OEL Display Module
Customer Part ID :
WiseChip Part ID : UG-6028KSWHG01
Doc No. : SAS1-0I024-A

Customer:

Approved by

From: WiseChip Semiconductor Inc.

Approved by

Antonio Yeh

2023/12/27

WiseChip Semiconductor Inc.

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Notes:

1. Please contact WiseChip Semiconductor Inc. before assigning your product based on this module specification
2. The information contained herein is presented merely to indicate the characteristics and performance of our products. No responsibility is assumed by WiseChip Semiconductor Inc. for any intellectual property claims or other problems that may result from application based on the module described herein.
3. All of WiseChip product compliance with below:
 - a. Directive of European RoHS (2011/65/EU) and latest directive (EU) 2015/863.
 - b. Directive of Packaging and Packaging Waste, 94/62/EC.
 - c. Halogen Free, (IEC 61249-2-21)



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1. Basic Specifications

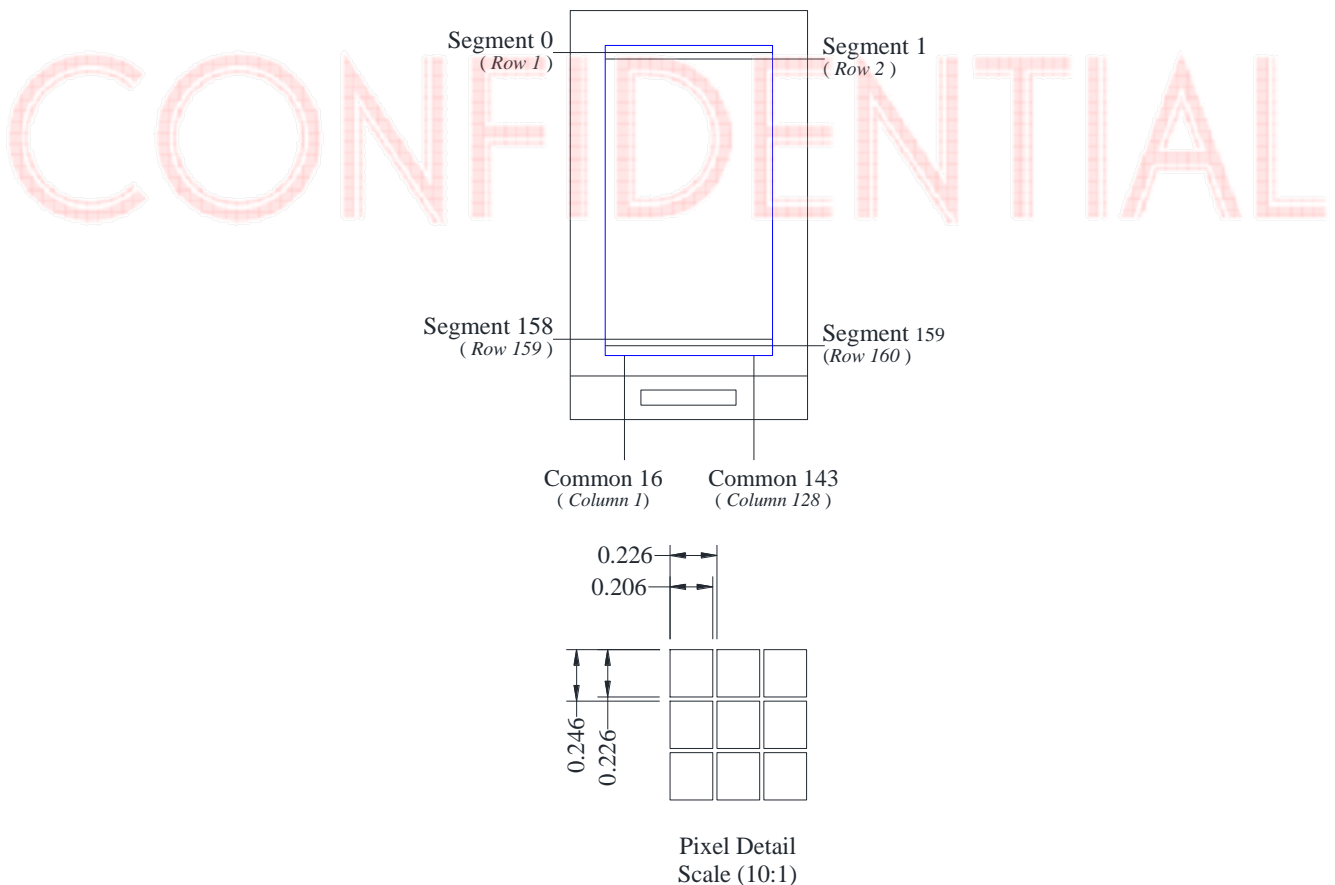
1.1 Display Specifications

- 1) Display Mode : Passive Matrix
- 2) Display Color : Monochrome (White)
- 3) Drive Duty : 1/128 Duty

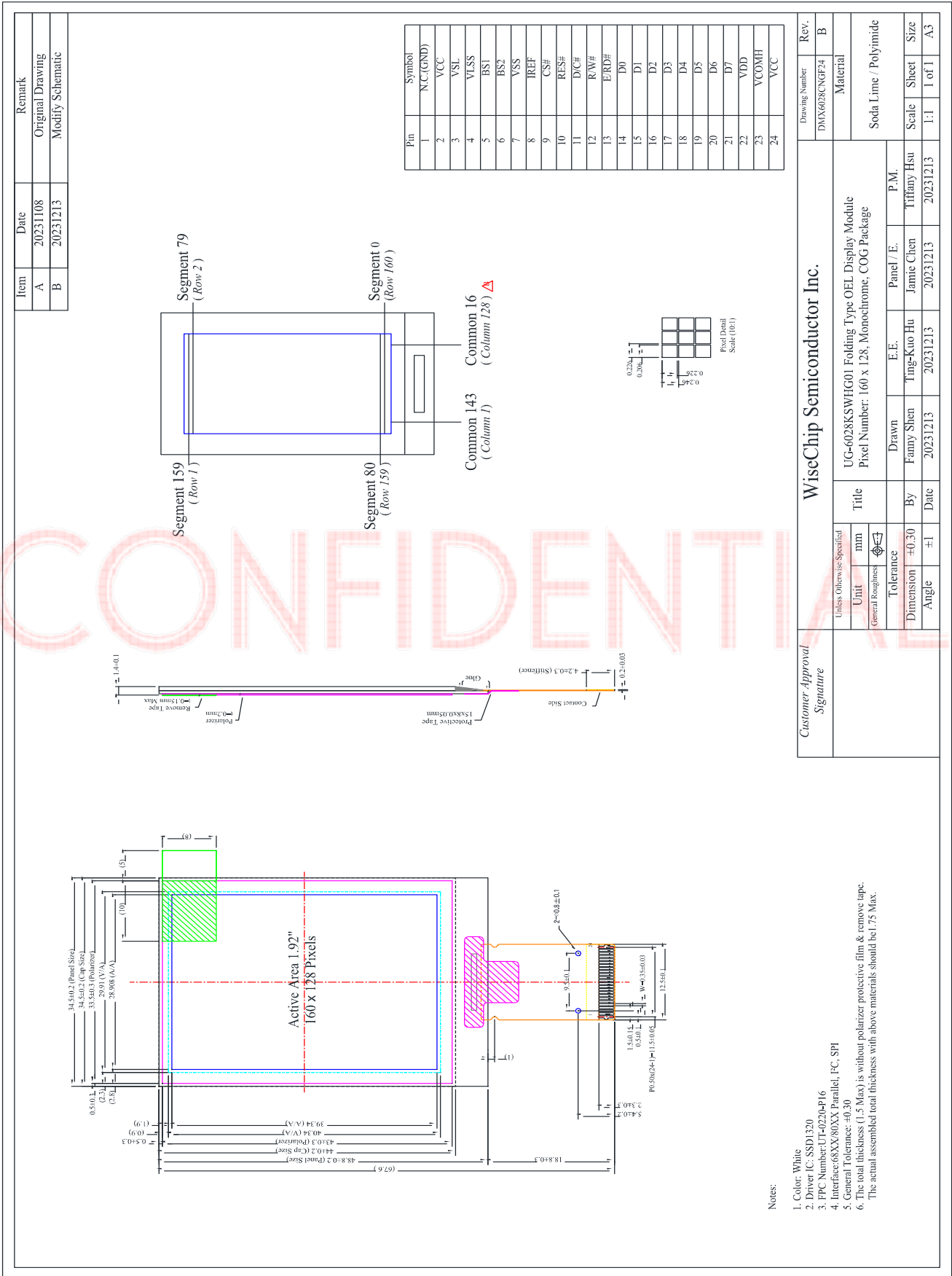
1.2 Mechanical Specifications

- 1) Outline Drawing : According to the annexed outline drawing
- 2) Number of Pixels : 160×128
- 3) Module Size : 67.6 × 34.5 × 1.4 (mm)
- 4) Panel Size : 48.8 × 34.5 × 1.4 (mm) including "polarizer"
- 5) Active Area : 39.340 × 28.908 (mm)
- 6) Pixel Pitch : 0.246 × 0.226 (mm)
- 7) Pixel Size : 0.226 × 0.206 (mm)
- 8) Weight : 4.3 (g) ±10%

1.3 Active Area / Hardware Mapping & Pixel Construction



1.4 Mechanical



The drawing contained herein is the exclusive property of WiseChip. It is not allowed to copy, reproduce and or disclose in any formats without permission of WiseChip.

- Notes:
1. Color: White
 2. Driver IC: SSD1320
 3. FPC Number: UT-02024P16
 4. Interface: 6XX/80XX Parallel, FC, SPI
 5. General Tolerance: ±0.30
 6. The total thickness (1.5 Max) is without polarizer protective film & remove tape. The actual assembled total thickness with above materials should be 1.75 Max.

Customer Approval Signature		WiseChip Semiconductor Inc.			
		Title		Rev.	
		UG-6028KSWHG01 Folding Type OEL Display Module		DMS608CNGF24 B	
		Pixel Number: 160 x 128, Monochrome, COG Package		Material	
		Soda Lime / Polyimide			
		Drawn	E. E.	Panel / E.	P.M.
		By	Fanny Shen	Jamie Chen	Tiffany Hsu
		Date	20231213	20231213	20231213
		Angle	±1	Scale	1:1
		Dimension	±0.30	Sheet	1 of 1
		Tolerance	±0.30	Size	A3
		Unit	mm		
		Unless Otherwise Specified			
		General Roughness			

1.5 Pin Definition

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function															
Power Supply																		
2,24	VCC	P	Power Supply for OEL Panel Power supply for the driving voltage of segment circuit.															
22	VDD	P	Power Supply for Digital Circuit Digital power.															
7	VSS	P	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.															
Driver																		
23	VCOMH	O	COM signal deselected voltage level A capacitor should be connected between this pin and V _{SS} .															
8	IREF	O	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and V _{SS} to maintain the current around 10uA. <i>When internal IREF is used, this pin should be kept NC.</i>															
Interface																		
10	RES#	I	Power Reset for Controller and Driver This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is LOW, initialization of the chip is executed. Keep this pin pull HIGH during normal operation.															
9	CS#	I	Chip Select This pin is the chip select input. (active LOW).															
11	D/C#	I	Data/Command Control This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7~D0 is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will be transferred to the command register. This pin is I2C slave address bit (SA0), when I2C interface is selected.															
5,6	BS1,BS2	I	Communicating Protocol Select These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table: <table border="1" data-bbox="667 1104 1177 1240"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interface</th> <th>BS1</th> <th>BS2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4-wire Serial</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8-bit 6800 Parallel</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I2C</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8-bit 8080 Parallel</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interface	BS1	BS2	4-wire Serial	0	0	8-bit 6800 Parallel	0	1	I2C	1	0	8-bit 8080 Parallel	1	1
Interface	BS1	BS2																
4-wire Serial	0	0																
8-bit 6800 Parallel	0	1																
I2C	1	0																
8-bit 8080 Parallel	1	1																
12	R/W#	I	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. The data are latched at the rising edge of the WR# signal. When Serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to V _{SS} .															

1.5 Pin Definition (Continued)

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Interface (Continued)			
13	E/RD#	I	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. R/W = "H": When E is "H", data bus is in output status. R/W = "L": The data are latched at the falling edge of the E signal. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. When RD# is "L", data bus is in output status. When Serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to V _{SS} .
14~21	D0~D7	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus. When using 8080/6800 parallel interface: D0~D7 are 8bits bi-directional data bus. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D2, D1 should be tied together as the serial data input: SDIN. D3~D7 fix to the GND. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application D0 is the serial clock input, SCL. D3~D7 fix to the GND.
Reserve			
3,4	N.C.	-	The pin is reserved. Let this pin open.
1	N.C.(GND)	-	The pin is reserved. Recommend to be connected to ground.

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Voltage for Logic	V _{DD}	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	0	15	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-40	80	°C	3
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	85	°C	3
Life Time (120 cd/m ²)		15,000	-	hour	4

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "V_{SS} = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 3. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

Note 3: The define temperature ranges do not include the polarizer. The maximum withstood temperature of the polarizer should be 80°C.

Note 4: V_{DD} = 3V, V_{CC} = 12V, T_a = 25°C, 50% Checkerboard.
Software configuration follows Section 4.5 Initialization.
End of lifetime is specified as 50% of initial brightness reached.

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3. Optics & Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Optics Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Brightness	L_{br}	Note 5	100	120	-	cd/m ²
C.I.E. (White)	(x) (y)	C.I.E. 1931	0.24 0.26	0.28 0.30	0.32 0.34	
Dark Room Contrast	CR		-	>10,000:1	-	
Viewing Angle			-	Free	-	degree

* Note 5: Optical measurement taken at $V_{DD} = 3.0V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$
Software configuration follows Section 4.5 Initialization.

3.2 DC Characteristics

(with external V_{CC})

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}		1.65	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	V_{CC}	Note 6	11.5	12	12.5	V
High Logic Input Level	V_{IH}		$0.8 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
Low Logic Input Level	V_{IL}		0	-	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$	V
High Logic Output Level	V_{OH}	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$, 3.3MHz	$0.9 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
Low Logic Output Level	V_{OL}	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$, 3.3MHz	0	-	$0.1 \times V_{DD}$	V
Operating Current for V_{DD}	I_{DD}		-	-	450	μA
Operating Current for V_{CC}	I_{CC}	Note 7	-	19.9	24.9	mA
		Note 8	-	31.9	39.9	mA
		Note 9	-	53.5	66.8	mA
Sleep Mode Current for V_{DD}	$I_{DD, SLEEP}$		-	-	10	μA
Sleep Mode Current for V_{CC}	$I_{CC, SLEEP}$		-	-	10	μA

Note 6: Brightness (L_{br}) and Supply Voltage for Display (V_{CC}) are subject to the change of the panel characteristics and the customer's request.

Note 7: $V_{DD} = 3.0V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$, 30% Display Area Turn on.

Note 8: $V_{DD} = 3.0V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$, 50% Display Area Turn on.

Note 9: $V_{DD} = 3.0V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$, 100% Display Area Turn on.

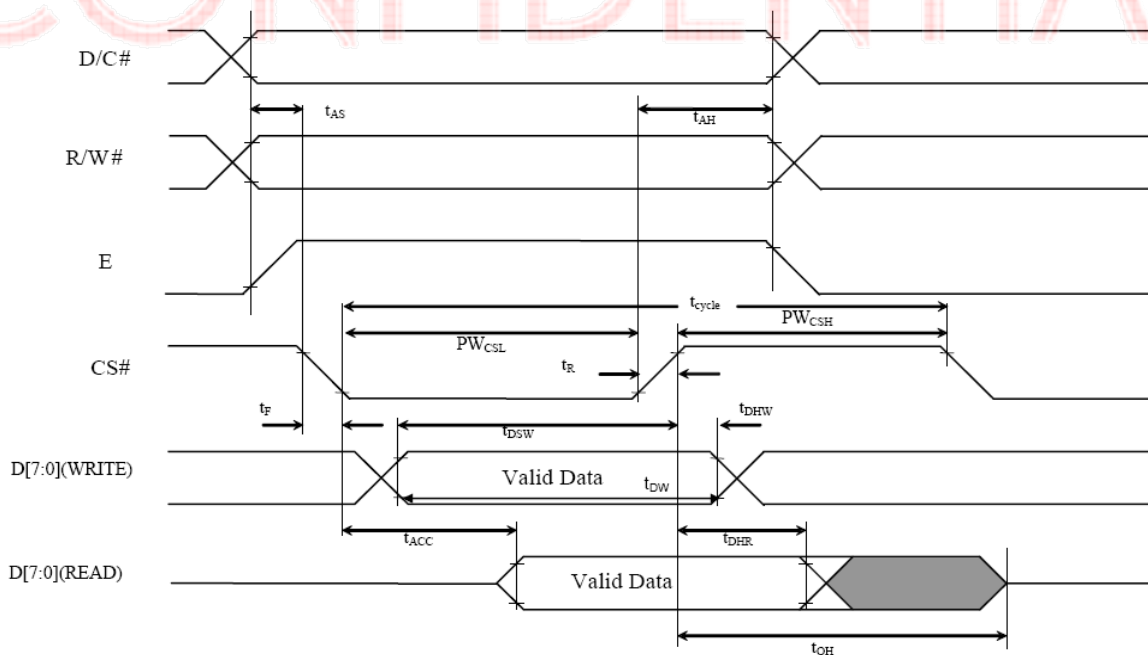
* Software configuration follows Section 4.5 Initialization.

3.3 AC Characteristics

3.3.1 6800-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	5	-	ns
t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t_{DW}	Data Write Time	40	-	ns
t_{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	7	-	ns
t_{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t_{OH}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t_{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
PW_{CSL}	Chip Select Low Pulse Width (Read)	120	-	ns
	Chip Select Low Pulse width (Write)	60		
PW_{CSH}	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns
	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Write)	60		
t_R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t_F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

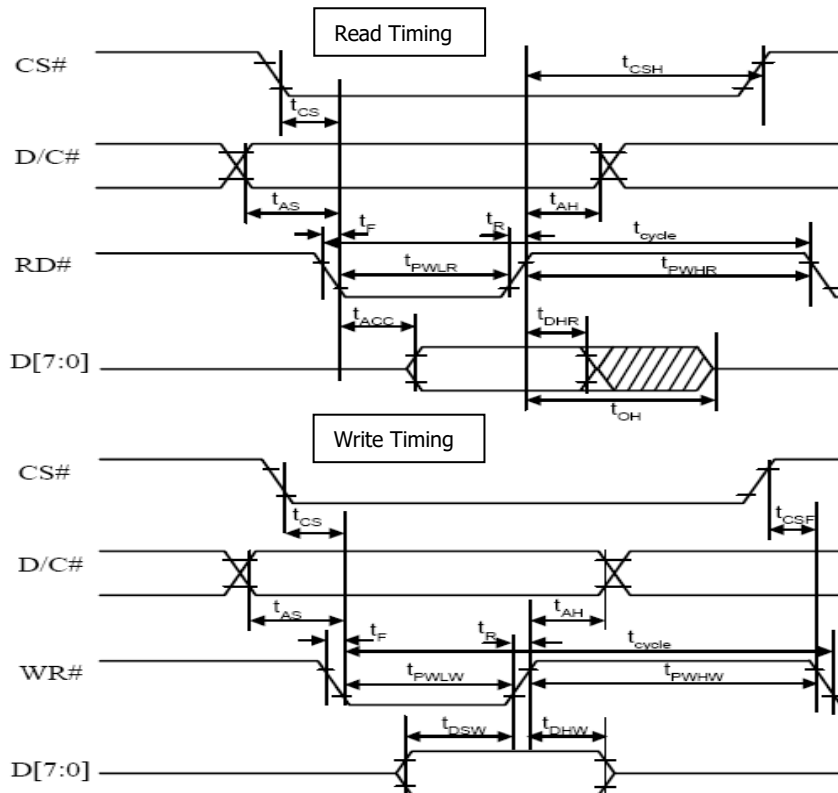
*($V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V$ to $3.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



3.3.2 8080-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	10	-	ns
t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t_{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t_{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t_{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t_{OH}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t_{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
t_{PWLW}	Read Low Time	120	-	ns
t_{PWLW}	Write Low Time	60	-	ns
t_{PWHW}	Read High Time	60	-	ns
t_{PWHW}	Write High Time	60	-	ns
t_{CS}	Chip Select Setup Time	0	-	ns
t_{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time to Read Signal	0	-	ns
t_{CSF}	Chip Select Hold Time	20	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t_f	Fall Time	-	40	ns

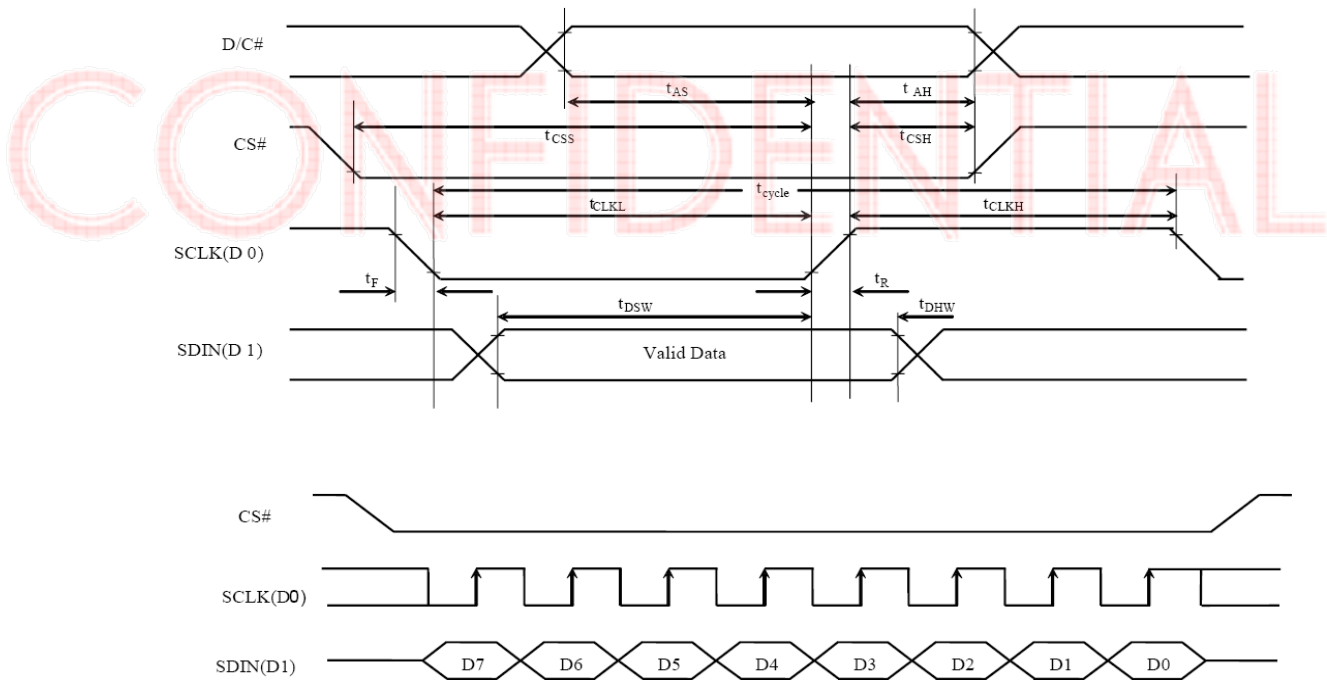
*(VDD - VSS = 1.65V to 3.5V, Ta = 25°C)



3.3.3 4-wire Serial Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	66	-	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	15	-	ns
t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	15	-	ns
t_{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t_{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t_{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	-	ns
t_{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t_{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t_{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	-	ns
t_R	Rise Time	-	15	ns
t_F	Fall Time	-	15	ns

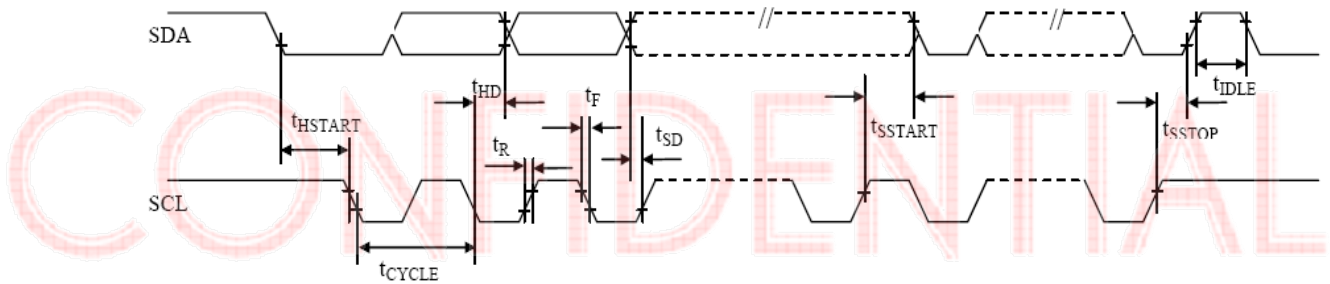
*($V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V$ to $3.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



3.3.4 I2C Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	2.5	-	μs
t_{HSTART}	Start Condition Hold Time	0.6	-	μs
t_{HD}	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{OUT} " Pin)	0	-	ns
	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{IN} " Pin)	300	-	ns
t_{SD}	Data Setup Time	100	-	ns
t_{SSTART}	Start Condition Setup Time (Only relevant for a repeated Start condition)	0.6	-	μs
t_{SSTOP}	Stop Condition Setup Time	0.6	-	μs
t_R	Rise Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t_F	Fall Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t_{IDLE}	Idle Time before a New Transmission can Start	1.3	-	μs

*($V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V$ to $3.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



4. Functional Specification

4.1 Commands

Refer to the Technical Manual for the SSD1320

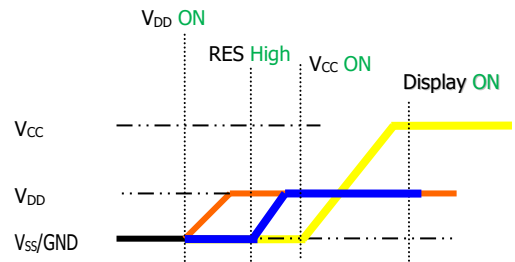
4.2 Power down and Power up Sequence

To protect OEL panel and extend the panel life time, the driver IC power up/down routine should include a delay period between high voltage and low voltage power sources during turn on/off. It gives the OEL panel enough time to complete the action of charge and discharge before/after the operation.

4.2.1 Power up Sequence

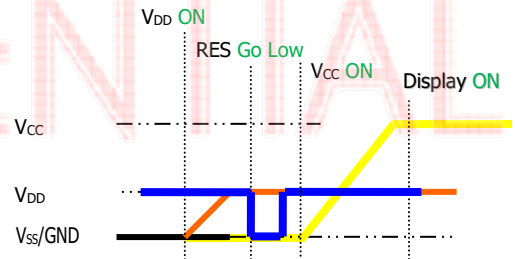
Case 1: RES is "Low" when Power ON

1. Power up V_{DD}
2. Keep RES "Low", $50ms > t > 10\mu s$
3. Send Display off command
4. Initialization
5. Clear Screen
6. Power up V_{CC}
7. Delay 100ms
(When V_{CC} is stable)
8. Send Display on command



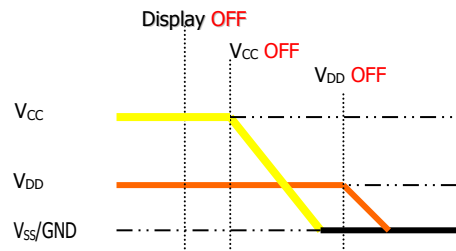
Case 2: RES is "High" when Power ON

1. Power up V_{DD}
2. Keep RES "High", $50ms > t > 3\mu s$
3. RES go Low, Low pulse width $> 10\mu s$
4. Send Display off command
4. Initialization
5. Clear Screen
6. Power up V_{CC}
7. Delay 100ms
(When V_{CC} is stable)
8. Send Display on command



4.2.2 Power down Sequence:

1. Send Display off command
2. Power down V_{CC}
3. Delay 100ms
(When V_{CC} is reach 0 and panel is completely discharges)
4. Power down V_{DD}



Note 10:

- 1) Since an ESD protection circuit is connected between V_{DD} and V_{CC} inside the driver IC, V_{CC} becomes lower than V_{DD} whenever V_{DD} is ON and V_{CC} is OFF.
- 2) V_{CC} should be kept float (disable) when it is OFF.
- 3) Power Pins (V_{DD} , V_{CC}) can never be pulled to ground under any circumstance.
- 4) V_{DD} should not be power down before V_{CC} power down.

4.3 Reset Circuit

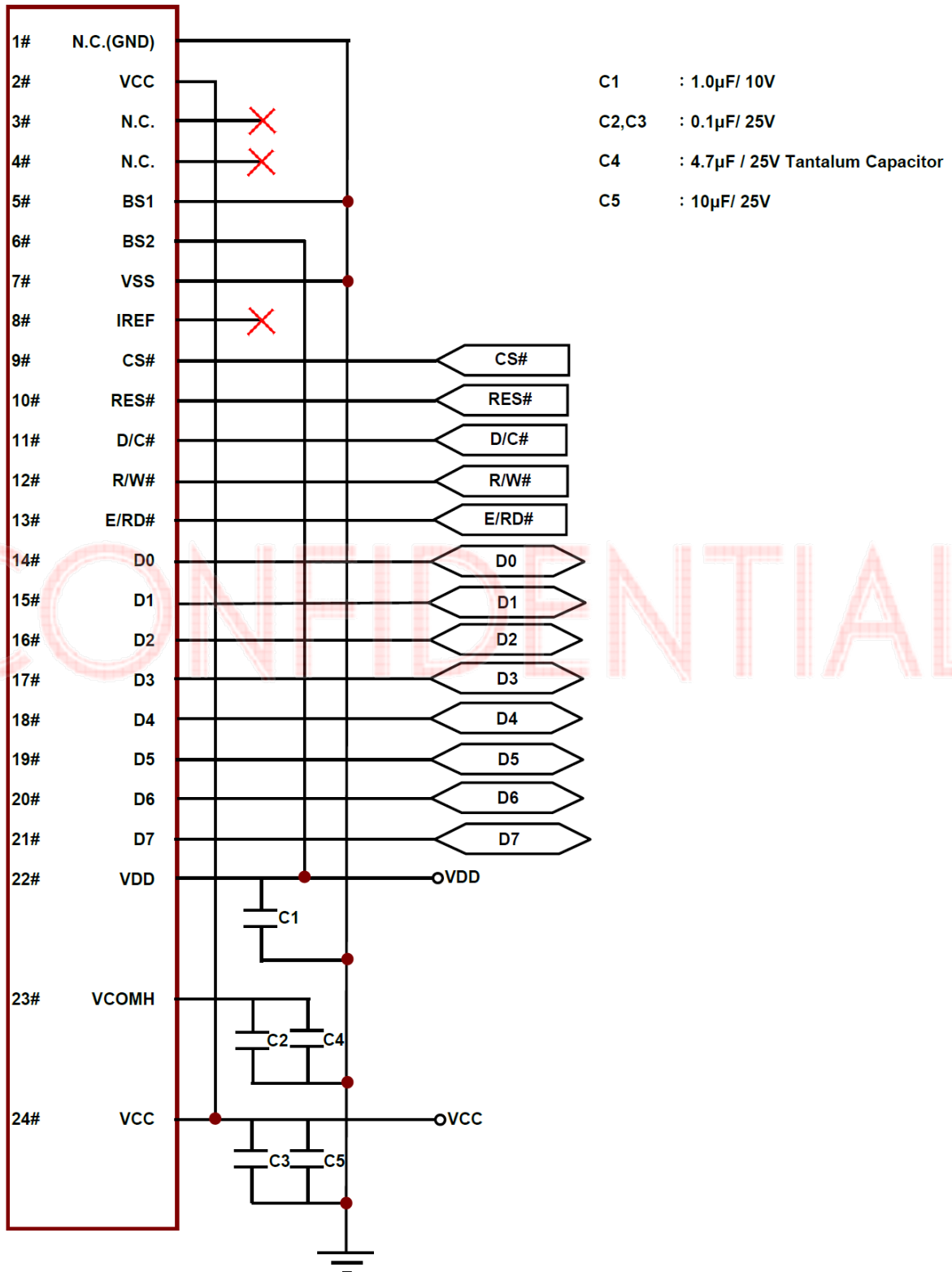
When RES# input is low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

1. Display is OFF
2. 160×160 Display Mode
3. Normal segment and display data column and row address mapping (SEG0 mapped to column address 00h and COM0 mapped to row address 00h)
4. Shift register data clear in serial interface
5. Display start line is set at display RAM address 0
6. Column address counter is set at 0
7. Normal scan direction of the COM outputs
8. Contrast control register is set at 7Fh
9. Normal display mode (Equivalent to A4h command)

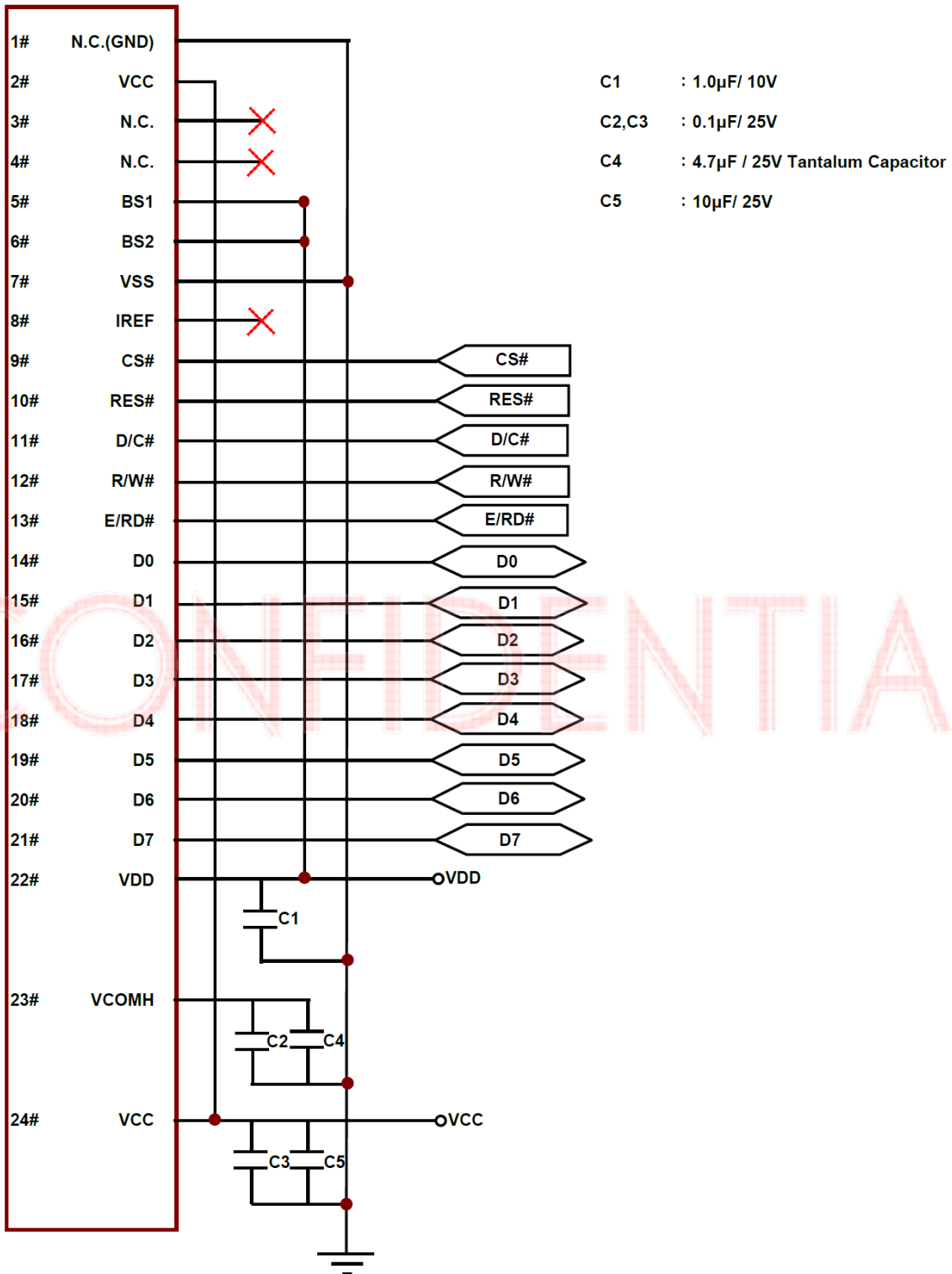
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4.4 Application Circuit

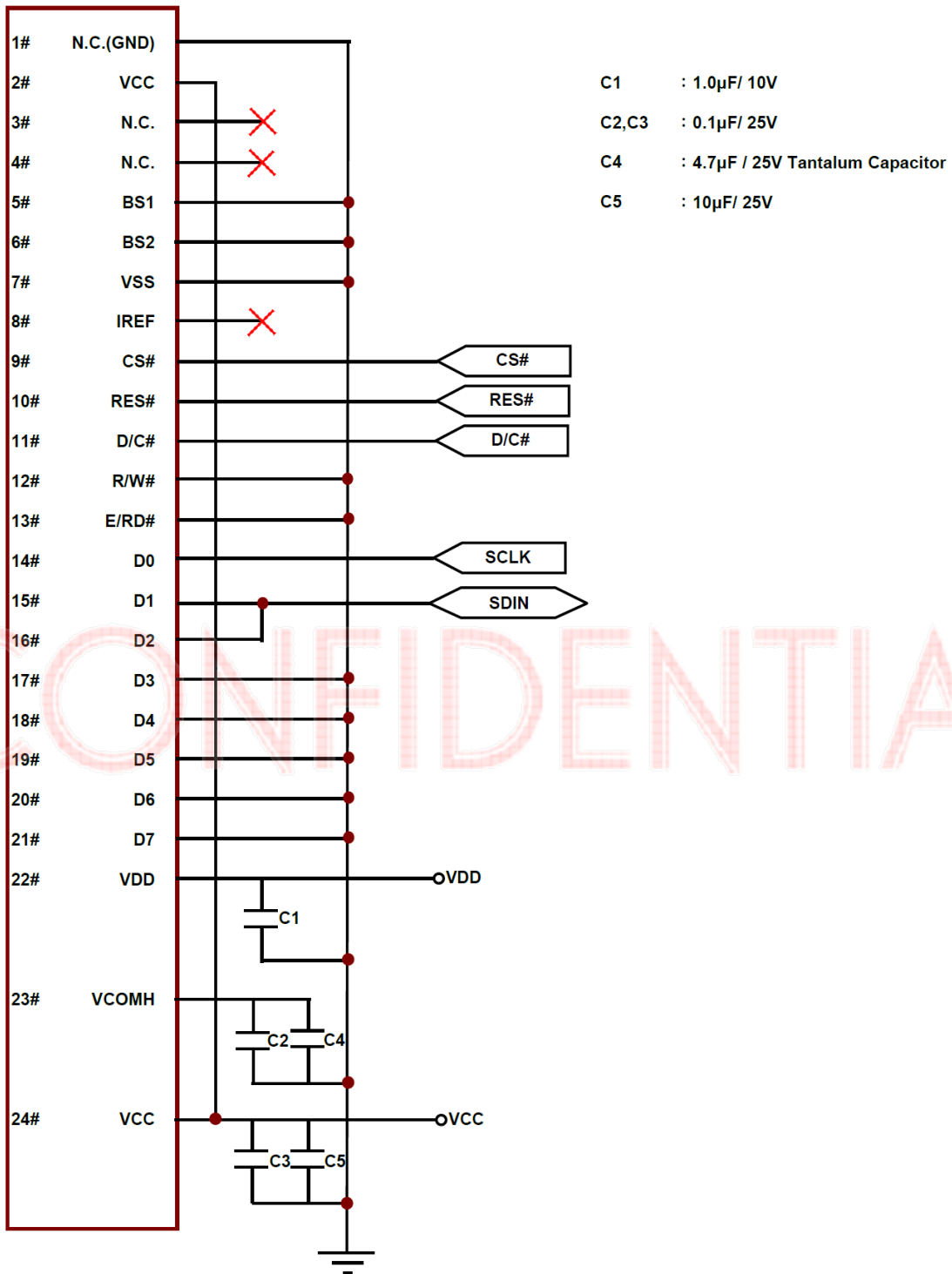
4.4.1 6800 parallel interface



4.4.2 8080 parallel interface

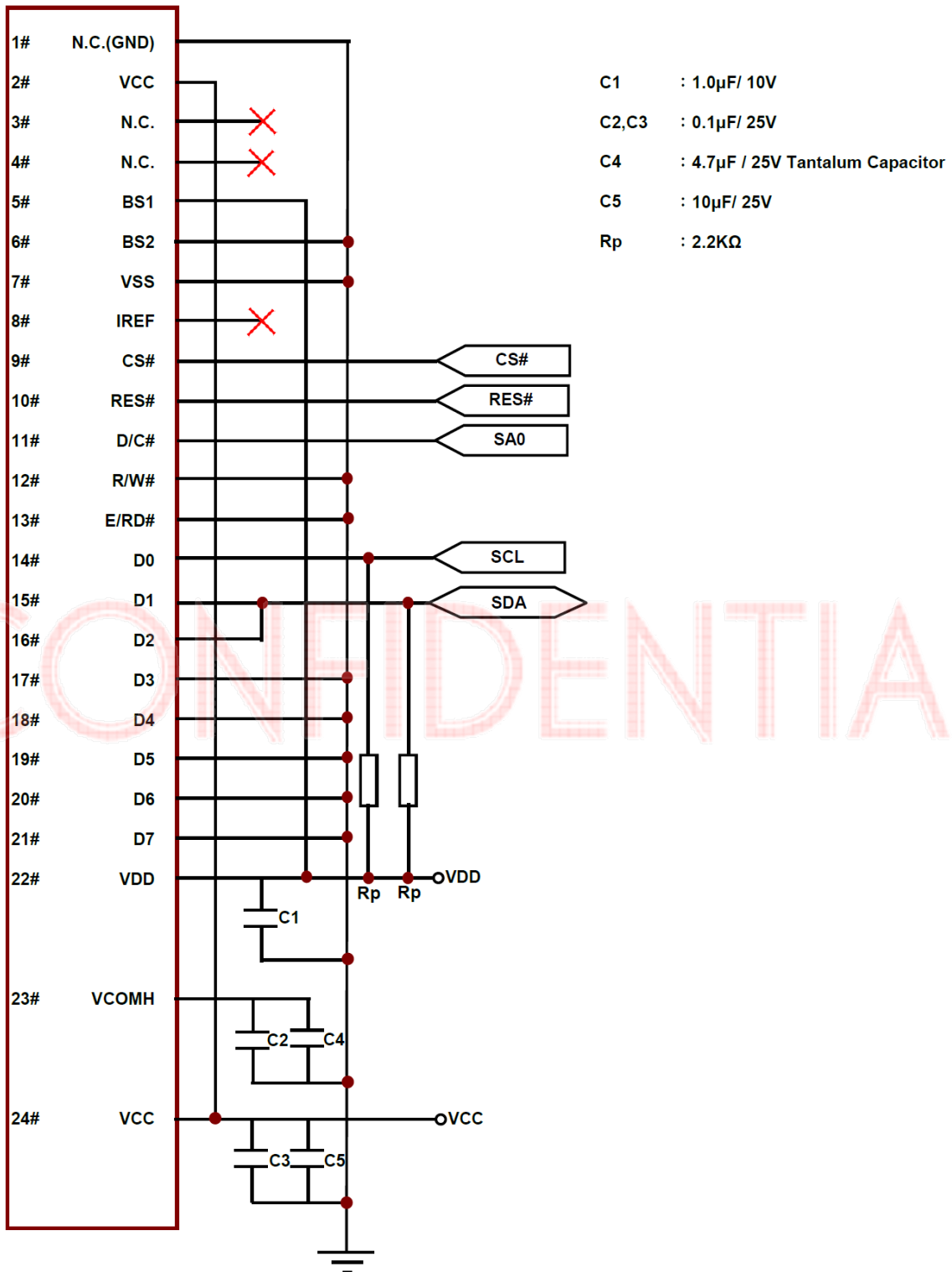


4.4.3 4-wire SPI interface



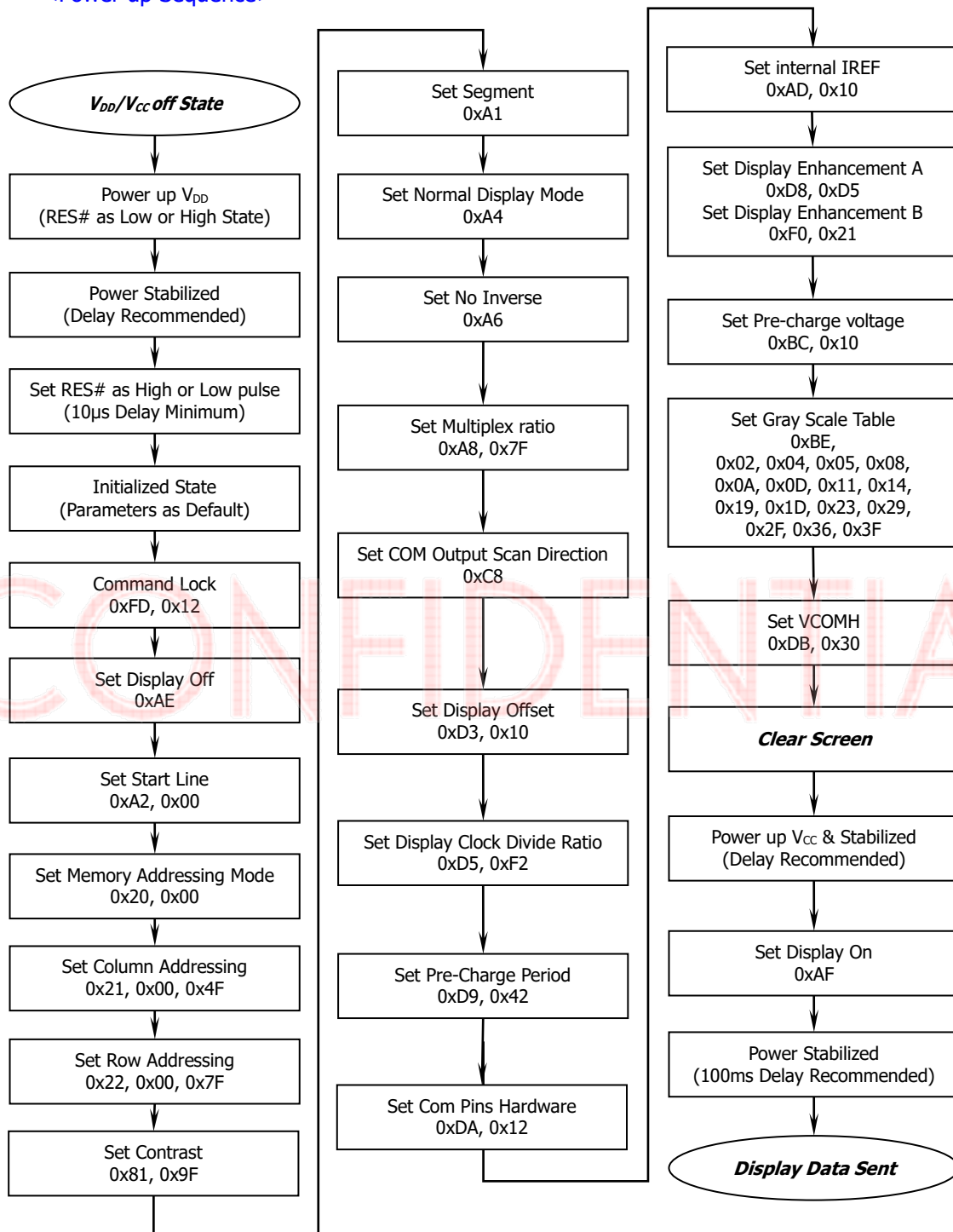
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4.4.4 I2C interface



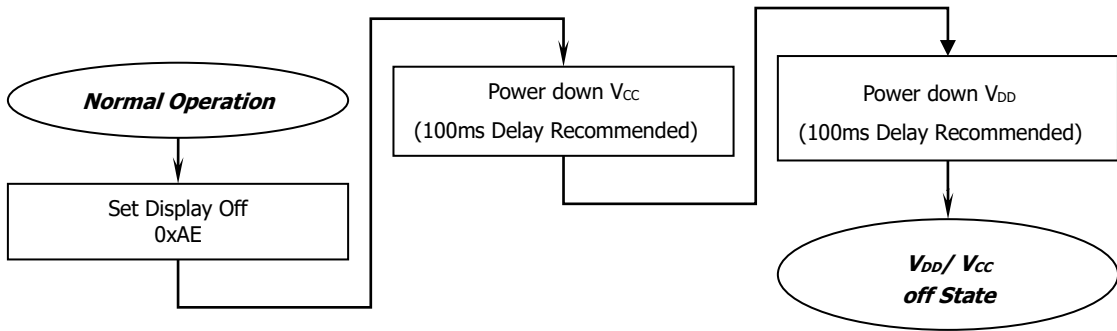
4.5 Actual Application Example

Command usage and explanation of an actual example
 <Power up Sequence>

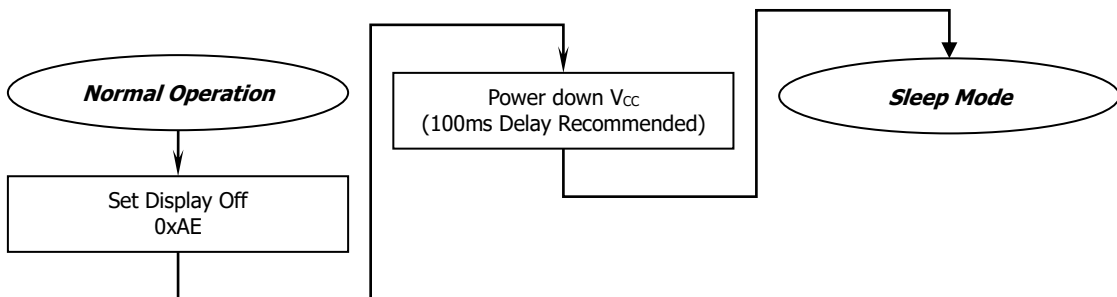


If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.

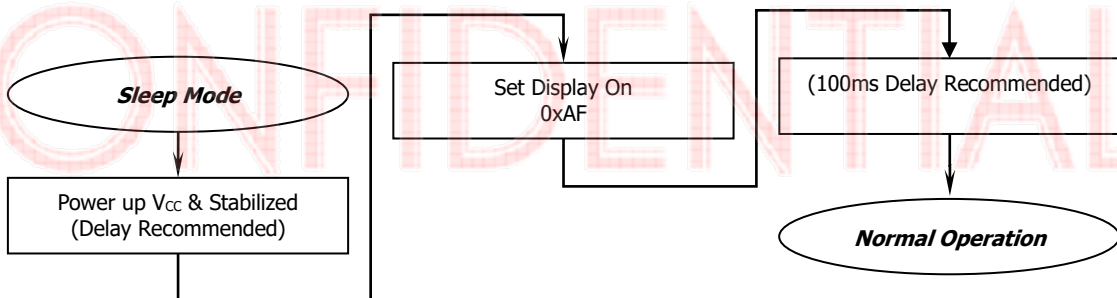
<Power down Sequence>



<Entering Sleep Mode>



<Exiting Sleep Mode>



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5. Reliability

5.1 Contents of Reliability Tests

Item	Conditions	Criteria
High Temperature Operation	80°C, 240 hrs	The operational functions work.
Low Temperature Operation	-40°C, 240 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	85°C, 240 hrs	
Low Temperature Storage	-40°C, 240 hrs	
High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C, 90% RH, 120 hrs	
Thermal Shock	-40°C ↔ 85°C, 100 cycles 60 mins dwell	

- * The samples used for the above tests do not include polarizer.
- * No moisture condensation is observed during tests.

5.2 Failure Check Standard

After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.

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6. Outgoing Quality Control Specifications

6.1 Environment Required

Customer's test & measurement are required to be conducted under the following conditions:

- Temperature: $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Humidity: $55 \pm 15\% \text{ RH}$
- Fluorescent Lamp: 30W
- Distance between the Panel & Lamp: $\geq 50\text{cm}$
- Distance between the Panel & Eyes of the Inspector: $\geq 30\text{cm}$
- Finger glove (or finger cover) must be worn by the inspector.
- Inspection table or jig must be anti-electrostatic.

6.2 Sampling Plan

Level II, Normal Inspection, Single Sampling, MIL-STD-105E

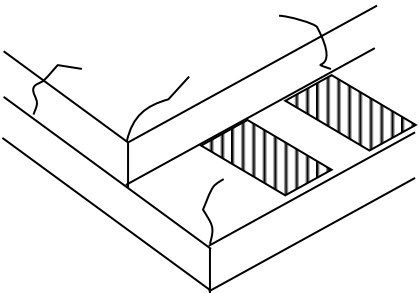

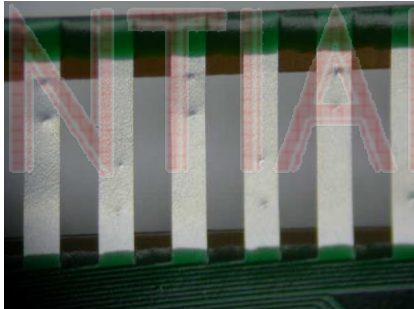
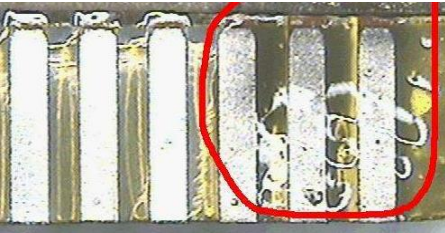
6.3 Criteria & Acceptable Quality Level

Partition	AQL	Definition
Major	0.65	Defects in Pattern Check (Display On)
Minor	1.0	Defects in Cosmetic Check (Display Off)

6.3.1 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area

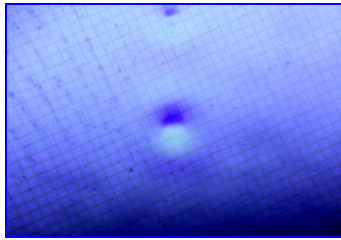
Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Panel General Chipping	Minor	<p>$X > 6 \text{ mm}$ (Along with Edge) $Y > 1 \text{ mm}$ (Perpendicular to edge)</p>

6.3.1 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area (Continued)

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Panel Crack	Minor	<p>Any crack is not allowable.</p> 
Film or Trace Damage	Minor	
Terminal Lead Prober Mark	Acceptable	
Glue or Contamination on Pin (Couldn't Be Removed by Alcohol)	Minor	
Ink Marking on Back Side of panel (Exclude on Film)	Acceptable	Ignore for Any
Cosmetic issues outside of Visual Area or on backside of panel do not impact panel function (Exclude above listed items)	Acceptable	Ignore for Any

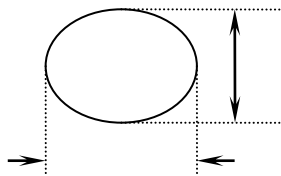
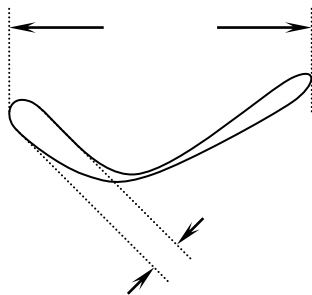
6.3.2 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Active Area

It is recommended to execute in clear room environment (class 10k) if actual in necessary.

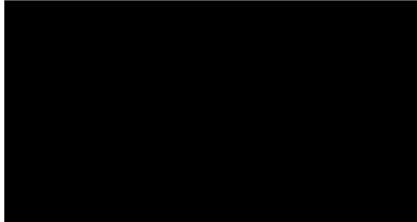
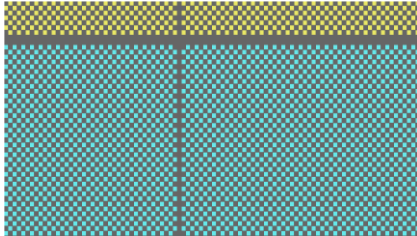
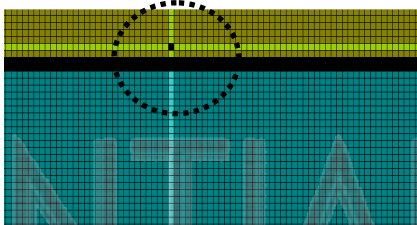
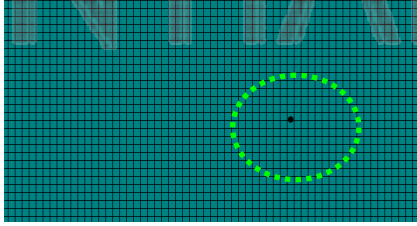
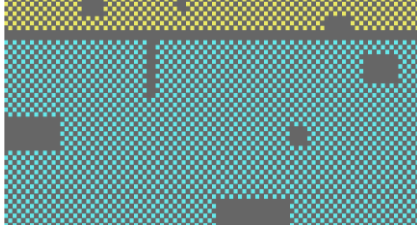
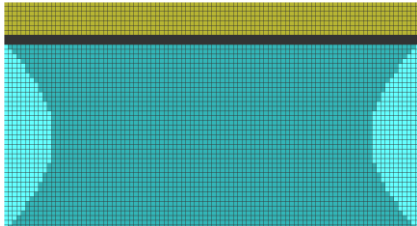
Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Any Dirt, Scratch, Bubble, Heterochromia on Polarizer's Protective Film	Acceptable	Ignore for not Affect the Polarizer
Scratches, Fiber, Line-Shape Defect (On Polarizer)	Minor	$W \leq 0.1$ Ignore $W > 0.1, L \leq 2$ $n \leq 1$ $L > 2$ $n = 0$
Dirt, Black Spot, Foreign Material, (On Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \leq 0.1$ Ignore $0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ $n \leq 1$ $0.25 < \Phi$ $n = 0$
Dent, Bubbles, White spot (Any Transparent Spot on Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \leq 0.5$ → Ignore if no Influence on Display $0.5 < \Phi$ $n = 0$ 
Fingerprint, Flow Mark (On Polarizer)	Minor	Not Allowable

* Protective film should not be tear off when cosmetic check.

** Definition of W & L & Φ (Unit: mm): $\Phi = (a + b) / 2$

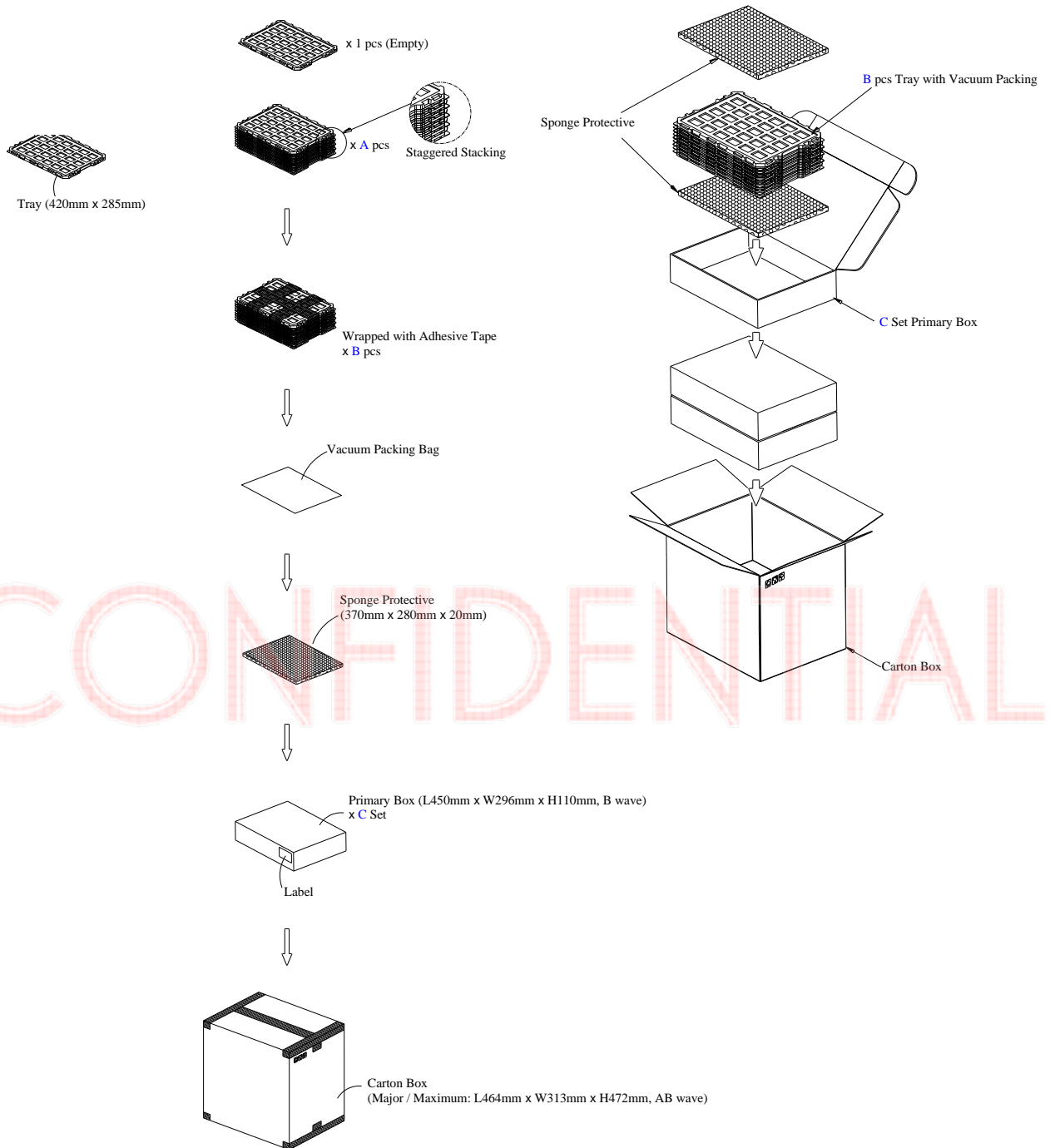


6.3.3 Pattern Check (Display On) in Active Area

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Pixel	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform	Major	

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7. Package Specifications



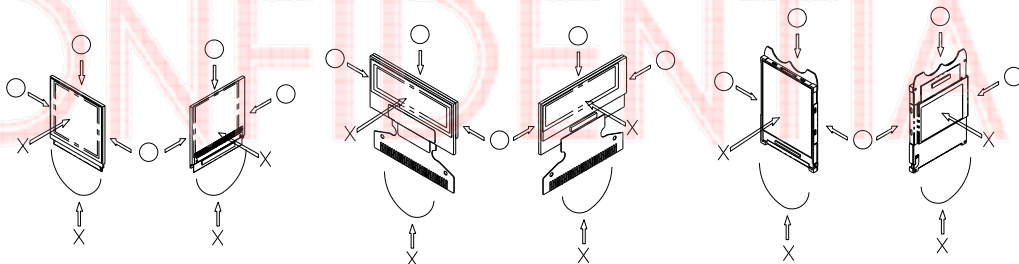
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Item	Quantity	
Module	180	per Primary Box
Holding Trays (A)	15	per Primary Box
Total Trays (B)	16	per Primary Box (Including 1 Empty Tray)
Primary Box (C)	1~4	per Carton (4 as Major / Maximum)

8. Precautions When Using These OEL Display Modules

8.1 Handling Precautions

- 1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- 2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- 3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OEL display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- 4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OEL display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OEL display module.
- 5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OEL display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy. Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:
 - * Water
 - * Ketone
 - * Aromatic Solvents
- 6) Hold OEL display module very carefully when placing OEL display module into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OEL display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- 7) Do not apply stress to the driver IC and the surrounding molded sections.
- 8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OEL display module.
- 9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- 10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handling OEL display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OEL display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OEL display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- 11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OEL display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5).
- 12) If electric current is applied when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

8.2 Storage Precautions

- 1) When storing OEL display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from WiseChip Semiconductor Inc.)
At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- 2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OEL display module, when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

8.3 Designing Precautions

- 1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OEL display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- 2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the V_{IL} and V_{IH} specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- 3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (V_{DD}). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- 4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- 5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- 6) When fastening the OEL display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- 7) If power supply to the OEL display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OEL display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OEL display module.
- 8) The electric potential to be connected to the rear face of the IC chip should be as follows: SSD1320
* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

8.4 Precautions when disposing of the OEL display modules

- 1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OEL display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

8.5 Other Precautions

- 1) When an OEL display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- 2) To protect OEL display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OEL display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the FPC
- 3) With this OEL display module, the OEL driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OEL driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- 4) Although this OEL display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the

indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.

- 5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.

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Warranty:

The warranty period shall last twelve (12) months from the date of delivery. Buyer shall be completed to assemble all the processes within the effective twelve (12) months. WiseChip Semiconductor Inc. shall be liable for replacing any products which contain defective material or process which do not conform to the product specification, applicable drawings and specifications during the warranty period. All products must be preserved, handled and appearance to permit efficient handling during warranty period. The warranty coverage would be exclusive while the returned goods are out of the terms above.

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